

COLLECTING REPORTS ON BATTLES NOW RAGING IN EAST

Reports of Situation in Dobruja
Clash As Loudly As Do Armies
Struggling For Mastery of That
Bloody District of Rumania

BULGARS ADMIT DEFEAT ON MACEDONIAN FIELDS

Attacks Launched By Germans
Commander Against Russians
In East and Allies North of
Somme Break out Before Fire

SUMMARY OF THE WAR NEWS
Reports of the situation in the Dobruja district continue to contradict each other, some claiming a big Rumanian victory, while others assert that the Rumanians have not succeeded in striking a heavy blow. Sofia admits the retreat of the Bulgars in Macedonia, before heavy attacks of the Serbs, while in the Transylvanian district, the Rumanians have been back the Tatars in a series of heavy thrusts. Germans launch an attack south of Divinsk, but are repulsed by the Slav. In Galicia and the Volynian triangle the Russians continue their attacks upon the Germans and Austrians, claiming that they are making gains. Wet weather hampers the work of the Allies in the west but attempts of the Germans to regain some of their lost ground, are defeated with heavy loss.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, October 4.—Conflicting reports of the battle known to be going on in Bulgaria, between the Bulgars, their German allies, and the Rumanians, left the real situation in that part of the war front in doubt last night. That the Bulgars have suffered severely and that they are menaced with disaster on at least two fronts was generally admitted in various official and semi-official dispatches from Sofia and Vienna, but that the Rumanians have succeeded as yet in striking a serious blow was denied. On the other hand Rumanian and Russian sources of information declared that the Rumanians have already won a strategic victory by their crossing of the Danube, and the reports to the effect that Austrians and Bulgarians had succeeded in cutting the poston bridge by which the Rumanians had crossed the river were discredited. In Macedonia, Sofia says, Bulgars were forced to admit defeat at the hands of the Serbs, "retreating," as the official communique from the Bulgarian capital says, "in order to avoid unnecessary losses." The news of the great counter-offensive launched by the Rumanians reached Rome yesterday and was telegraphed from that city. It was asserted that General von Mackensen, the German commander-in-chief in the Balkan theater of war, has commended his German-Bulgarian armies to fall back from the positions they hold in the Dobruja district, and to abandon the captured fortress of Turtukal, taken a few weeks ago from the Rumanians.

May Balk German Plans
Military experts hold that the Rumanian coup may upset the German strategy in the Balkans. The stroke of throwing a force across the Danube into Bulgaria is the outstanding feature of the eastern war arena, and if the force proves to be formidable in size, it will constitute a serious menace to the army commanded by von Mackensen. The latter will then have the Rumanians and Russians in front and on one flank, and the allied armies of the Serbs, British and French, and possibly the Greeks, in the rear, and his army may be cut off.

"On the other Rumanian front," continues the communique from the German general staff, "the Teutons have been withdrawing before superior Rumanian forces." This last refers to the fighting in the Transylvanian district. In the west the situation as a whole is unchanged. The British and French continued the work of consolidating the gains they had made north and south of the Somme river. The attacks of the Germans were beaten back in several of the sectors of this front. They were particularly heavy north of Beaumont, where the Germans attempted to debauch from St. Pierre Vaast wood and flank the French lines. The Russian offensive against the Germans defending the Stokhod line west of Lutsk continued, says reports from Petrograd, and the Slavs claim to have made gains in that region. Berlin says that the attacks were repulsed in that region.

The Germans Monday attempted to launch an offensive south of Divinsk, where for a long time they have been quiet, but the Russians claim to have foisted the attack with their machine guns and artillery. The heaviest fighting in this region was in the vicinity of Nova Alexandrovsk.

LORD BRYCE WARNS AGAINST TRADE WAR

Aged Diplomat and Statesman
Protests Against Proposed
'Campaign of Hate'

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BIRMINGHAM, England, October 3.—Lord Bryce, noted English statesman and diplomat, in an emphatic speech today warned the British people against carrying on a campaign of hate against the Central Powers, which would lead to measures of lasting bitterness. He criticized particularly talk of crushing Germany economically by a long trade war at the conclusion of the military conflict. Lord Bryce's speech, delivered earnestly and with eloquence before a large gathering, indicated that he believes in a plan of world-arbitration. He decried the spirit of hate which, he said, had been exhibited against the Germans in the talk of a lasting trade war. He advocated the proposal of a league to restrain aggression by any power, no matter how strong, and to compel arbitration. "If there is to be a recurrence of wars, each becoming more terrible with the unceasing advance of science, we may well despair of the future," he declared.

RIGHTS AS TO MINING IN MEXICO SET FORTH

American Commissioners Send
Forth Demands of Citizens

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
ATLANTIC CITY, October 4.—The committee representing fifty of the principal American mining companies operating in Mexico, which has appeared before the American-Mexican joint commission to protest against the present taxation laws of the de facto government as confiscatory, yesterday submitted to the commission a proposed schedule of taxes which they declared to be fair and equitable. The Mexican commissioners agreed to take the proposal under consideration and to forward it to the City of Mexico, to be submitted to First Chief Carranza.

The discussion on the general border situation has been continued.

INFANTILE PARALYSIS FINALLY UNDER CONTROL

Coming of Cold Weather Eradicates Where Savants Fail

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 4.—The New York State health department has withdrawn the embargo on children leaving New York City, which has been in effect since last July. The restriction of travel on the part of children was due to the outbreak of infantile paralysis, which it was desired to confine to Greater New York if possible. The number of cases now reported are few and the health authorities have decided that the danger of spreading the disease is over with the coming of colder weather.

MARQUIS OKUMA'S CABINET REPORTED READY TO RESIGN

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
TOKIO, October 3.—Newspaper extracts, led by the Nichi Nichi Shinbun, announce that the Okuma cabinet has decided to resign. There are reports that Okuma has said he will recommend to the emperor to appoint Viscount Takaaki Kato, former minister of foreign affairs, as his successor. It is also reported that Marquis Saionji may be asked to form a new cabinet.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES SMASH FORMER RECORDS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 3.—Transactions in the New York clearing-house for the year ending September 30 exceeded \$155,000,000,000, a new national record.

BRITISH AEROPLANES RAID GERMAN AIRSHIP STATIONS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, October 3.—British aeroplanes today attacked German airship sheds in the vicinity of Brussels. One British aeroplane was lost in the raid.

DIPHTHERIA—HOW IT MAY BE AVOIDED

Diphtheria is usually contracted when the child has a cold. The cold prepares the child's system for the reception and development of the diphtheria germ. When there are cases of diphtheria in the neighborhood, children that have colds should be kept at home and off the street until recovered. Give them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they will have to remain at home long. It also cleans out the culture beds, which form in a child's throat when it has a cold, and minimizes the risk of contracting infectious diseases. For sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

PRESS ATTACKS ON VENIZELOS BARRED

Royalist Publications in Greece
Told To Stop Abuse of
Former Premier

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PARIS, October 4.—Orders have been issued in Athens to the royalist press that in future attacks upon former Premier Venizelos are to stop, according to reports received here yesterday. At the same time advices from Crete announce that Venizelos, who is there, is soon to depart for the island of Mytilene, where he will establish the seat of the provisional government set up by the triumvirate. Athens reports that the resignations of all the members of the Kallogeropoulos cabinet are in the hands of King Constantine, with the exception of those of the premier and of his minister of foreign affairs, M. Carapanos. Earlier advices from the Greek capital say that a new political party is being organized in Greece, which will favor intervention on the side of the Allies. The party is being organized by former Premier Gounaris, who served a brief term after Venizelos was forced out and has long favored entering the war.

FOUR PERSONS KILLED AND MANY ARE INJURED

Terrible Accident Occurs in Cleveland and Casualties Result

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
CLEVELAND, October 4.—At least four persons were killed and more than forty injured yesterday when two trolley cars dropped fifty feet into the Cuyahoga river during the rush hours yesterday.

Four bodies have already been recovered and it is believed by the rescue workers that there are others under the wreckage in the river bed. Forty of the injured are in the local hospitals being tended, and others have been sent to their homes.

The accident happened during the worst of the day's rush when the cars were jammed with people. The end of the bridge over the river collapsed, letting the cars drop more than half a hundred feet.

Firemen and policemen went first to the spot as speedily as possible and scores of volunteer workers aided in the work of rescuing the wounded and hunting for the bodies of those killed.

OKUMA HAS RESIGNED AS PREMIER OF JAPAN

Old Age Compels Him To Relinquish His Official Post

(Special Cablegram to Hawaii Rhinop.)
TOKIO, October 4.—Marquis Okuma, premier of Japan, yesterday tendered his resignation to the Mikado at the imperial palace. He explained to his Majesty the reasons for his resignation, declaring that he has been unable to hold the position because of old age and the infirmities attendant thereon. The resignation of his fellow cabinet members will be sent to the Mikado today. The premier recommended Baron Kato, leader of the Doshikai party, as his successor. Two elder statesmen, Prince Yamagata and Marquis Matsukata, with the other leaders of the Seiyukai party, have agreed to recommend Viscount S. Teruchi for the premiership.

AMERICAN CONSULAR OFFICER FOR GERMANY

Says After War United States and Kaiser Will Trade

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 4.—Henry Morgan, the United States consul-general at Hamburg, in an interview given yesterday, states that, in his opinion, Germany is ready for any trade war that may be waged against her by her enemies at the termination of the present hostilities. Germany, he says, is ready to announce that his ambassadorial duties would be "to bring further assurances of friendship that exist in Japan for America."

NEW JAPANESE ENVOY TALKS OF FRIENDSHIP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SEATTLE, October 4.—Baron Amaro Sato, former ambassador of Japan to Austria-Hungary and the newly-appointed ambassador to the United States, was the guest of honor at a great banquet given yesterday by the chamber of commerce. He took the opportunity to announce that his ambassadorial duties would be "to bring further assurances of friendship that exist in Japan for America."

ROOSEVELT MEETS TAFT AND ENEMIES FORGET THE PAST

Man Who Defeated Republican
Candidate Four Years Ago For
Presidency Is Equitable

JOINS WITH ANTAGONIST IN FIGHT FOR REPUBLICANS

Leader of Defunct Bull Moose
Makes Emphatic Speech For
Charles Evans Hughes

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 4.—The last lingering remnants of the feud which arose four years ago between William Howard Taft, the then Republican nominee for the Presidency, and Theodore Roosevelt, who opposed him as the nominee of the Progressive party, was stamped out last night, when the two appeared on the same platform with Charles E. Hughes and spoke as supporters of the Republican candidate. The meeting was held in the Union League club, and was attended by as many as could pack themselves within the auditorium. Two Big Men Meet

The meeting served to bring together Mr. Taft and Mr. Roosevelt, who had not seen each other for a year, and to emphasize the unity that again exists in the ranks of the restored Republican party. It also served to bring Mr. Roosevelt upon the same platform as the presidential candidate, to demonstrate the harmony that exists between the two and to make certain the "Hughes" endorsement of the sentiments expressed by Roosevelt in regard to the foreign policy of the Democratic President.

Mr. Roosevelt made an emphatic speech, which was loudly cheered, especially his statement that "the Germans relishing today would not be debating the question of whether or not to renew the submarine warfare against passenger ships if they knew that there is in the White House a man who would not for one instant tolerate any such action of that sort."

Mr. Taft accompanied Mr. Hughes to the receiving line. Mr. Roosevelt entered a moment later. He shook hands with the candidate and Mr. Taft, exchanging a simple "How do you do?" with the latter. The former rivals for the presidency met later in the evening again, enjoying the elegance in the company of Chaney Cooper, when there was some conversation. Mr. Roosevelt inquired after the health of Mr. Taft.

Each of the three speakers assailed the record of the Wilson administration. Roosevelt in particular assailing its foreign policy. Taft stated that he concurred with Roosevelt in believing that the present election is the most important in the history of the nation since the election of Lincoln prior to the outbreak of the Civil War.

AMERICA IS INVITED TO CONSIDER COMMERCE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 4.—An informal invitation from David Lloyd George, the British minister of state for war, that the United States and Great Britain an industrial commission similar to the one America has sent to France, to study the post-war needs of the country and to prepare for America's share in the period of rebuilding. The invitation has come to the American Manufacturers' Export association.

WOMAN DECLARES HER PRESIDENTIAL STATUS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERKLEY, October 4.—Mrs. Harriet Secher yesterday filed her nomination papers as a candidate for the electoral college from this State. She declares herself to be for Hughes as "president and is an advocate of prohibition for the State."

GERMAN FIFTH WAR DEMAND IS POPULAR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, October 4.—Unofficial forecasts are being made as to the amount the government will ask for in the fifth war loan, soon to be announced. The indications are that the amount required for this loan will exceed the total subscribed for the pending loan.

MIKADO TO CONVEY ALOHA TO PONTIFF

(Special Cablegram to Nippon Jiji.)
TOKIO, October 4.—The Mikado has decided to send his personal envoy to Rome on a special mission to the Pope, who last February sent a special envoy to Tokyo with a message to the Mikado. Yngoro Mino, minister in Switzerland, has been selected as the envoy.

QUOTATIONS ON SUGAR CANE HAVE INCREASED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, October 4.—The quotations on cane sugar have increased sixty-five cents a hundred pounds on the local market since September 14. The wholesale quotations on refined cane today are \$7.10 a hundred, with the same retailing at \$7.65.

Jewelry Stolen To Pay Demand of Highbinders

Japanese Alleged To Have Admitted
Berkeley Theft Accuses
Nipponese In Honolulu

Because a gang of Japanese highbinders in Honolulu had threatened to kill his relatives unless given a large sum of money, Nio Konitias, butler in the home of Mrs. T. W. Kennedy, in the Thousand Oaks district of Berkeley, stole \$7000 worth of jewelry from his mistress.

This is the confession said by the San Francisco police to have been made by Konitias following his arrest and that of Kito Mikani, a jeweler of 1827 Buchanan street, and the recovery of \$5000 worth of the missing gems. Mikani and Konitias are held for further investigation. Immediately after the jewelry theft on July 1 Konitias was arrested in Berkeley. He was released for lack of evidence and resumed his work with Mrs. Kennedy, who believed him innocent.

Recently Detectives Edward J. Wren, Daniel J. Driscoll and Thomas Murphy of the San Francisco police department found a \$2000 diamond bracelet and a \$750 diamond pin in a Chinese pawn shop. The Chinese said he had received them from a Japanese, and a jeweler identified the pieces as belonging to Mrs. Kennedy. Konitias was arrested and identified by the Chinese. Then the detectives found a room at 1734 Post street used by Konitias, and therein were numerous pawn tickets, among them tickets issued by Mikani. Mikani was arrested after he had denied, say the police, knowledge of the jewelry. Later, they say, he admitted that some of the gems were in his safe.

PRIMARY CAMPAIGN POSTPONES LAWSUIT

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

HONOLULU, October 3.—Because Representative C. H. (Serp-iron) Brown is busily engaged in his strenuous primary campaign, he escaped having to come to Hilo at this time to defend the Honolulu Scrap-iron company in a suit brought a long time ago by the Hilo Sugar company for a debt of about \$300, due for old iron. Attorney Harry Lewis, representing the Hilo Sugar company, came here all the way from Honolulu to try this case, but when it was called before Judge Quinn in the fourth circuit court, on Monday, he was confronted with affidavits, which he said threatened to oppose as being insufficient, then stated that, as Mr. Brown was in the midst of a political campaign, he would not oppose a postponement, and the case was continued. E. Dewitt is attorney for the scrap-iron company.

COST OF LIVING STILL IS MOUNTING SKYWARD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, October 3.—Figures made out here show a marked increase in the cost of living. Flour is higher than since the Civil War, potatoes are 116 per cent higher than a year ago and meat is twenty-four per cent higher than a year ago. Beans, which are a short crop are seventy per cent higher. Cheese has gone up twenty-three per cent.

BOARD CLEARS AVIATORS OF INEFFICIENCY CHARGE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, October 3.—The special war department board which has investigated the condition of United States military aviators has reported and the report not only fails utterly to substantiate the allegations of inefficiency of army officers but has clearly established that the developments of this branch of the service are "being conducted with energy and foresight."

BREWERS WOULD REDUCE PERCENTAGE OF ALCOHOL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BUFFALO, October 4.—To meet the growth of prohibition sentiment throughout the country, speakers at the twentieth annual convention of the Master Brewers' association, in session here yesterday, proposed to cut down the percentage of alcohol in beer. These speakers pointed out that the "dry" territory was constantly increasing in this country, and urged as a counterbalance to try this that the "kick" in the beer the brewers are making be reduced materially.

COLLAPSE OF STRIKE IN GOTHAM COMPLETE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, October 4.—Further evidence of the general collapse of the traction strike and the total collapse of the attempted sympathetic strike in the steamship industry were the police guards were taken from the subway trains and docks.

AN IMPROVED QUININE DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD

Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will be found superior to ordinary Quinine. Does not cause nervousness, nor ringing in the head. Remember, there is only one "Bromo Quinine," the signature of E. W. Grove is on each box.

VON BERNSTORFF TO ASK WILSON TO SEND ASSISTANCE TO POLES

German Ambassador Intends Calling Upon
President Monday To Urge That Measure
of Relief For Starving Thousands of War
Victims Be Undertaken By United States

SERBS ALSO NEED HELP

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless)

LONG BRANCH, October 4.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, will call upon President Wilson next Monday, according to arrangements which have been made. It is understood that he will present to the President a personal letter from the Kaiser, in reply to one sent by the President urging that measures of relief be taken for the aiding of the starving population of Poland.

The aid offered by the American Red Cross was blocked by the failure of the Germans and British to agree upon the methods of distribution. The British agreed to allow foodstuffs for Poland to pass through the blockade provided the distribution be made under the same auspices as the distribution of relief supplies in Belgium, where the American Commission for Relief in Belgium is in charge. The German government refused to consider this, stating that the German government would be responsible for the distribution of the supplies sent. Serbian Relief Launched

It is possible that the question of the relief of the suffering population in Serbia will be discussed at the Monday meeting.

Yesterday there was launched in Washington the greatest campaign for the securing of funds and provisions for war relief work that has been inaugurated since the Belgian relief was started. This time the appeals for aid are made in the name of the hundreds of thousands of Serbians and Armenians who are said to be on the verge of starvation with no prospect of outliving the coming winter unless outside relief be given.

A fund of \$5,000,000 is asked for and the whole nation will be canvassed.

GERMAN REPORTS ON ARMENIAN MISERY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
NEW YORK, September 22.—The New York Times publishes the following: Confirmation from trustworthy German sources of reports of atrocities committed by the Turks against Armenians in Turkey has just come into the possession of the British government through its censorship of the mails. The confirmation is in the form of a protest sent to the German Foreign Office by the faculty of the German high school at Aleppo, Turkey. In it the German professors state that unless Germany acted to restrain the Turks the crimes and outrages committed by the Turks "will always remain a terrible stain on Germany's honor among the generations to come."

The translations of the protest and letter came to the Times from official sources in London, with photographic copies of the German originals. A copy of the protest was found in a letter written by Dr. Edward Gratzner, one of the signers, from Basel, Switzerland, on July 7, to a distinguished German theologian in a neutral country. Here it is:

Protest For Civilization

"Aleppo, 8th October, 1915. We humbly beg to report the following to the foreign office: 'We feel it our duty to call the attention of the foreign office to the fact that our school work, the formation of a basis of civilization and the instilling of respect in the natives will be henceforward impossible if the German government is not in a position to put an end to the brutalities inflicted here on the exiled wives and children of murdered Armenians. In face of the horrible scenes which take place daily near our school buildings before our very eyes, our school work has sunk to a level which is an insult to all human sentiments. How can we masters possibly read the stories of 'Snow-white and the Seven Dwarfs,' with our Armenian children, how can we bring ourselves to decline and conjugate, when in the courtyards opposite and next to our school buildings death is reaping a harvest among the starving compatriots of our pupils? Girls, boys, and women, all practically naked, lie on the ground breathing their last sighs amid the dying and among the coffins put out ready for them. Forty to fifty people reduced to skeletons are all that is left of the 2000 or 3000 healthy peasant women driven down here from Upper Armenia. The good looking ones are decimated by the violence of their masters, while the ugly ones are victimized by hunger, hunger, and thirst. Even those lying at the water's edge are not allowed to drink. Europeans are prohibited from distributing bread among them. More than a hundred corpses are taken out daily from Aleppo. All this is taking place before the eyes of highly placed Turkish officials. Forty to fifty people reduced to skeletons are lying heaped up in a yard near our school. They are practically insane, and have forgotten how to eat. If one offers them bread they push it indifferently aside. They utter low groans and await death. 'Ta-lim el alman' (the cult of the Germans) is responsible for this, the natives declare. 'It will always remain a terrible stain on Germany's honor among the generations to come.'

"The German, with a number of notable exceptions, witness these things quite unperturbed, holding out the following excuse: 'We just need the Turks, you see!'

"I know for a fact, moreover, that 20 employees of the German Cotton association and one on the Bagdad railway were forbidden to help the Armenians. German officers have also raised a committee against their consul for his sympathy with the Armenians, and a German teacher, although most capable, was not appointed to a school of the Russo-German association on account of his having an Armenian wife. They are afraid that the Turks might take offense at this. The Turks are less considerate."

"The question is one of a Turkish internal affair; we must not mix ourselves in it! This is what one constantly hears people say."

"The Armenians of Urfa, seeing the fate which had befallen their compatriots from other districts, refused to leave their city and offered resistance. When on Nov. 10 a person that Count von Bernstorff ordered the town to be bombarded, and after the had not the power to prevent their being massacred again."